

Poverty Reduction Strategy for Tajikistan

2007 – 2009
(first draft)

Role of PRS

Refers explicitly to NDS –medium term programme (2007-2009) to:

- implement the priority measures as indicated in the NDS document,
- to achieve the objectives as set out in the NDS.

Three main thrust of PRS

- Reform of public administration
 - Development of the private sector and increase of investments,
 - Development of human potentials
- **3 Sectoral blocks** (same titles as in NDS but partly different issues included)

1) Functional block

Comprises measures of

- Government and administrative reform,
- Macro-economic development,
- Investments of Private Sector
- Regional co-operation and integration.

2) Production Block

Comprises conditions and measures in the fields of:

- Food security and agricultural development
- Infrastructure,
- Communication,
- Energy,
- Industry.

3) Social Block

Covers conditions and measures in the following fields:

- Education services
- Health services,
- Water supply and accommodation;
- Social security,
- Gender equalization,
- Sustainable development (environment protection).

Links of PRS to food security

- PRS explicitly mentions **food security** under the “Production Block” in relation to agricultural development, but there are implications for food and nutrition security also in other fields.
- Many implicit links of PRS to FNS need to be made explicit for clear priority setting.
- Some important issues of FNS are not addressed in the PRS.